13. "Articles of Association of a company constitute a contract between the members *inter se* and between the company and the members." *quo member*." Elucidate.

Or

Explain the provisions of the Consumer Protection Act regarding establishment, objectives and meetings of the Central and State Consumer Protection Councils. 11

Roll No. Exam Code : J-19

Subject Code—0214

M.B.A. EXAMINATION

(Batch 2009 to 2017)

(Third Semester)

BUSINESS LEGISLATION

CP-302

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 70

Section A

Note: Attempt any *Seven* questions. $7 \times 5 = 35$

- **1.** "An agreement enforceable at law is a contract." Explain.
- **2.** Distinguish between ordinary damages and special damages.
- **3.** Explain the contents of prospectus.

- **4.** Are there any specific provisions relating to the appointment of auditors of a Government of auditors of a Government company? Explain.
- **5.** Discuss the Doctrine of *ultra-virus* with reference to the Memorandum of Association of a limited company.
- **6.** What are the consequences of an irregular allotment? Explain.
- **7.** Can unpaid seller resell the goods? If so, when?
- **8.** "Majority will have its way but the minority must be allowed to have its say." Discuss the above proposition with reference to prevention of oppression and mismanagement in a company.
- 9. Briefly explain the cyber laws in India.
- **10.** Who are the important parties to a negotiable instrument ? Explain.

Section B

Note: Attempt all the questions.

11. Distinguish between 'Void' and 'Voidable' contracts with relevant examples.

Or

State the essential element of a contract of sale under the Sale of Goods Act. 1930, Examine whether there should be an agreement between the parties in order to constitute a sale under the said Act. 12

12. What is meant by negotiable instrument? What are its essential characteristics? Mention the presumptions made in respect of a negotiable intrument.

Or

Define Company. What are its different types? Explain. 12